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(e) The quantity of a commodity pledged as security for a farm-stored loan or for which a loan deficiency payment is requested may be determined on the basis of the quantity of the commodity that an eligible producer certifies in writing on Form CCC-666 for a loan and Form CCC-666 LDP or CCC-709, as applicable, for a loan deficiency payment, is eligible to be pledged as collateral and is otherwise available for loan or loan deficiency payment purposes.

(f) If the county committee determines, by measurement or otherwise, that the actual quantity serving as collateral for a loan is less than the loan quantity, the county committee shall take the actions specified in §1421.16.

§ 1421.18 Warehouse-stored loans.

(a) The quantity of a commodity that may be pledged as collateral for a loan shall be the quantity of any eligible commodity delivered to CCC for storage at an approved warehouse. Such quantity shall be the net weight specified on the warehouse receipt or supplemental certificate.

(b) To be eligible to be pledged as collateral for a loan, the commodity must not be Sample Grade and must meet the requirements of §1421.5 and the commodity eligibility requirements, as determined by CCC. These requirements are available at State and county offices.

§1421.19 Liquidation of loans.

(a) If a producer does not pay to CCC the total amount due in accordance with a loan, CCC shall have the right to acquire title to the loan collateral and to sell or otherwise take possession of such collateral without any further action by the producer. With respect to farm-stored loans, the producer may, as CCC determines, deliver the collateral for such loan in accordance with instructions issued by CCC. CCC will not accept delivery of any quantity of a commodity in excess of 110 percent of the outstanding farm-stored loan quantity. If a quantity in excess of 110 percent of the outstanding farm-stored loan quantity is shown on the warehouse receipt or other documents, the producer shall provide replacement warehouse receipts and delivery documents. If the warehouse receipt and such other documents applicable to the settlement are not replaced showing only the quantity eligible for delivery, CCC shall provide for such corrected documents and apply charges for such service, if any, to the producer's account as charges for settlement on the loan.

(b) If the producer desires to deliver eligible commodities to CCC in satisfaction of the loan, the producer must notify CCC of such intention before the loan maturity date by giving written notice to the county office that disbursed the proceeds for such loan. If the producer fails to deliver such commodities to CCC by the date specified on Form CCC-691, Commodity Delivery Notice, and the producer subsequently redeems the commodity pledged as collateral for the loan before delivery is completed, interest shall continue to be assessed on such amount in accordance with part 1405 of this chapter.

(c) If, either before or after maturity, the commodity is going out of condition or is in danger of going out of condition, the producer shall so notify the county office and confirm such notice in writing. If the county committee determines that the commodity is going out of condition or is in danger of going out of condition and the commodity cannot be satisfactorily conditioned by the producer and delivery cannot be accepted within a reasonable length of time, the county committee shall arrange for an inspection and grade and quality determination. When delivery is completed, settlement shall be made on the basis of such grade and quality determination or on the basis of the grade and quality determination made at the time of delivery, whichever is higher, for the quantity actually delivered.

(d) If the producer loses control of the storage structure, or if there is insect infestation that cannot be controlled, danger of flood, or damage to the storage structure making it unsafe to continue storage of the commodity on the farm, the commodity may be delivered before the maturity date of the loan upon prior approval of the county committee in accordance with paragraph (a). Settlement will be made

with the producer as provided in §1421.22.

§1421.20 Release of the commodity pledged as collateral for a loan.

- (a) A producer, when requesting a loan shall designate specific storage structures on Form CCC-677, in accordance with §1421.17(b)(1). The producer is not required to request prior approval before moving loan collateral between such designated structures. Movement of loan collateral to any other structures not designated on CCC-677, or the disposal of such loan collateral without prior written approval of the county committee, shall subject the producer to the administrative actions specified in §1421.16. A producer may at any time obtain the release, in accordance with this section, of all or any part of the commodity remaining as loan collateral by paying to CCC, with respect to the quantity of the commodity released:
- (1) The principal amount of the loan that is outstanding and charges plus interest; or
- (2) If CCC so announces, an amount less than the principal amount of the loan and charges plus interest under the terms and conditions specified by CCC at the time the producer redeems the commodity pledged as collateral for such loan in accordance with §1421.25. The producer may request and CCC may approve removal of a quantity of the commodity from storage, without the payment to CCC of the loan amount, if the principal amount outstanding on such loan before such removal does not exceed the maximum loan value of the quantity of the commodity remaining in storage after such removal. When the proceeds of the sale of the commodity are needed to repay all or a part of a farm-stored loan, the producer must request and obtain prior written approval of the county office on a form prescribed by CCC in order to remove a specified quantity of the commodity from storage. Any such approval shall be subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the applicable form, copies of which may be obtained by producers at the county office. Any such approval shall not constitute a release of CCC's security interest in the commodity or release the

producer from liability for amounts due and owing to CCC with respect to the loan indebtedness if full payment of such amounts is not received by the county office. If a producer fails to repay a loan within the time period prescribed by CCC for a farm-storage loan and commodity pledged as loan collateral has been delivered to a buyer in accordance with Form CCC-681-1, Authorization for Delivery of Loan Collateral for Sale, such producer may not repay the loan at the rate that is less than the loan rate determined in accordance 1421.25(a)(1)(ii) or (b)(2).

(b) CCC may allow a producer to establish a loan repayment rate determined in accordance with §1421.25 (a)(1)(ii) or (b)(2) on Form CCC-681-1, Authorization for Delivery of Loan Collateral for Sale, provided the producer complies with all terms and conditions set forth on Form CCC-681-1. If a producer fails to repay a loan within the time period prescribed by CCC in accordance with the terms and conditions of Form CCC-681-1 and the commodity pledged as collateral for such loan has been delivered to a buyer in accordance with Form CCC-681-1, such producer may not repay the loan at the rate that is less than the loan rate determined in accordance with §1421.25 (a)(1)(ii) or (b)(2).

(c)(1) The producer may arrange with the county office for the release of all or part of the commodity that is pledged as collateral for a warehouse-stored loan at or before the maturity of such loan by, with respect to the quantity of the commodity to be released, paying to CCC:

- (i) The principal amount of the loan and charges plus interest; or
- (ii) If CCC so announces, an amount less than the principal amount of the loan and charges plus interest under the terms and conditions specified by CCC at the time the producer redeems the commodity pledged as collateral for such loan in accordance with §1421.25. Each partial release of the loan collateral must cover all of the commodity represented by one warehouse receipt. Warehouse receipts redeemed by repayment of the loan shall be released only to the producer. However, such receipts may be released to